

VISION CARE

Vision care, technically a subcategory of primary HIV medical care, provides optometric/ophthalmologic treatment, vision screening, and glasses to people living with HIV (PLWH). This does not include fitting of contact lenses.

(**Graph 1**) In the 2020 Houston HIV Care Services Needs Assessment, 68% of participants indicated a need for *vision care* in the past 12 months. 59% reported the service was easy to access, and 9% reported difficulty. 16% stated they did not know the service was available.

(**Table 1**) When barriers to *vision care* were reported, the most common barrier type was wait-related issues. Wait-related barriers reported include scheduling appointments 2-3 months out, placement on a waitlist, being told to call back as a wait list was full/unavailable, and long waits at appointments.

GRAPH 1-Vision Care, 2020

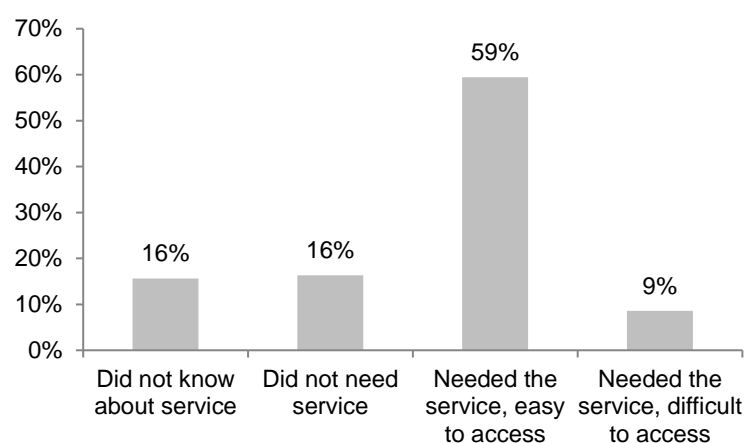


TABLE 1-Top 5 Reported Barrier Types for Vision Care, 2020

	No.	%
1. Wait (W)	15	34%
2. Health Insurance Coverage (I)	8	18%
3. Education and Awareness (EA)	6	14%
4. Financial (F)	4	9%
5. Interactions with Staff (S)	3	7%

(**Table 2 and Table 3**) Need and access to services can be analyzed for needs assessment participants according to demographic and other characteristics, revealing the presence of any potential disparities in access to services. For *vision care*, this analysis shows the following:

- More males than females found the service accessible.
- More Black/African American PLWH found the service accessible than other race/ethnicities.
- More PLWH age 50+ found the service accessible than other age groups.
- In addition, more homeless and out of care PLWH found the service difficult to access when compared to all participants.

TABLE 2-Vision Care, by Demographic Categories, 2020

Experience with the Service	Sex (at birth)		Race/ethnicity				Age		
	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Other	18-24	25-49	50+
Did not know about service	17%	10%	12%	15%	15%	15%	14%	21%	8%
Did not need service	16%	18%	19%	21%	11%	4%	62%	15%	15%
Needed, easy to access	60%	58%	60%	56%	65%	69%	14%	56%	69%
Needed, difficult to access	7%	14%	9%	8%	9%	15%	14%	9%	8%

TABLE 3-Vision Care, by Selected Special Populations, 2020

Experience with the Service	Homeless ^a	MSM ^b	Out of Care ^c	Recently Released ^d	Rural ^e	Transgender ^f
Did not know about service	20%	17%	10%	28%	6%	20%
Did not need service	16%	13%	10%	16%	20%	24%
Needed, easy to access	51%	63%	70%	47%	66%	56%
Needed, difficult to access	13%	7%	10%	9%	6%	0%

^aPersons reporting current homelessness ^bMen who have sex with men ^cPersons with no evidence of HIV care for 12 mo.

^dPersons released from incarceration in the past 12 mo. ^eNon-Houston/Harris County residents ^fPersons with discordant sex assigned at birth and current gender