

NATIONAL PLANS

REQUIRED PILLARS FOR GOALS AND OBJECTIVES					
	<u>Diagnose all people with HIV as early as possible</u>	<u>Treat people to reach sustained viral suppression</u>	<u>Prevent new HIV transmissions</u>	<u>Respond quickly to potential HIV outbreaks</u>	<u>Partnership Opportunities</u>
<p>Healthy People 2030 (link)</p>	<p>Increase the proportion of persons who know their HIV status</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the proportion of persons aged 13 years and over with newly diagnosed HIV infection linked to HIV medical care within 1 month • Increase the proportion of persons aged 13 years and over living with diagnosed HIV infection who are virally suppressed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce the number of new HIV infections among adolescents and adults • Reduce the number of new HIV diagnoses among persons aged 13 years and over • Reduce the rate of newly diagnosed perinatally acquired HIV infections • Increase the proportion of adolescents who receive formal instruction on delaying sex, birth control methods, HIV/AIDS prevention, and STDs before they were 18 years old 		
<p>Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) (2019) (link)</p>	<p>Diagnose all individuals with HIV as early as possible after infection</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Treat people with HIV rapidly and effectively to reach sustained viral suppression • Promptly link individuals newly diagnosed with HIV to care and treatment, including through rapid start treatment programs • Find innovative and effective ways to re-engage the estimated 250,000 individuals who are aware of their infection but not receiving HIV care and treatment • Support those already in care who have not yet achieved viral suppression to achieve control of the virus 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevent new HIV transmissions by using proven interventions, including PrEP and syringe services programs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Respond quickly to potential HIV outbreaks to get needed prevention and treatment services to people who need them • Increase investments in geographic hotspots through existing programs such as the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program as well as establishing new programs through community health centers to provide outreach, HIV testing, PrEP, and care coordination • Use data to identify where HIV is spreading most rapidly and guide decision-making to address prevention, care, and treatment needs at the local level 	
<p>HIV National Strategic Plan (HIV Plan) (2021-2025) (link)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test all people for HIV according to the most current USPSTF recommendations and CDC guidelines • Develop new and expand implementation of effective, 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scale up treatment as prevention (i.e., U=U) by diagnosing all people with HIV, as early as possible, and engaging them in care and treatment to achieve and maintain viral suppression 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop and implement campaigns, interventions, and resources to provide education about comprehensive sexual health; HIV risks; options for prevention, testing, care, and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinate across partners to quickly detect and respond to HIV outbreaks 	

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	<p>evidence-based, or evidence-informed models for HIV testing that improve convenience and access</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incorporate a status-neutral approach to HIV testing, offering linkage to prevention services for people who test negative and immediate linkage to HIV care and treatment for those who test positive • Provide partner services to people diagnosed with HIV or other STIs and their sexual and/or syringe-sharing partners • Engage people who experience risk for HIV in traditional public health and health care delivery systems, as well as in nontraditional community settings • Scale up treatment as prevention (i.e., U=U) by diagnosing all people with HIV, as early as possible, and engaging them in care and treatment to achieve and maintain viral suppression • Improve screening and linkage to services for people with or who experience risk for HIV who are diagnosed with and/or are receiving services for co-occurring conditions • Implement a no-wrong-door approach to screening and linkage to services for HIV, STIs, viral hepatitis, and substance use and mental health disorders across programs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide same-day or rapid (within 7 days) start of antiretroviral therapy for persons who are able to take it; increase linkage to HIV health care within 30 days for all persons who test positive for HIV • Increase the number of schools providing on-site sexual health services through school-based health centers and school nurses, and linkages to HIV testing and medical care through youth friendly providers in the community • Expand uptake of data-to-care models using data sharing agreements, integration and use of surveillance, clinical services, pharmacy, and social/support services data to identify and engage people not in care or not virally suppressed • Identify and address barriers for people who have never engaged in care or who have fallen out of care • Develop and implement effective, evidence-based, or evidence-informed interventions and supportive services that improve retention in care • Expand implementation research to successfully adapt effective evidence-based interventions, such as HIV telehealth, patient and peer navigators, accessible pharmacy services, community health workers, and others, to local environments to facilitate uptake 	<p>treatment; and HIV-related stigma reduction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase knowledge of HIV among people, communities, and the health workforce in geographic areas disproportionately affected • Integrate HIV messaging into existing campaigns and other activities pertaining to other parts of the syndemic, such as STIs, viral hepatitis, and substance use and mental health disorders, as well as in primary care and general wellness, and as part of annual reproductive health visits and wellness visits • Make HIV prevention services, including condoms, PrEP, PEP, and SSPs, easier to access and support continued use • Implement culturally competent and linguistically appropriate models and other innovative approaches for delivering HIV prevention services • Support research into the development and evaluation of new HIV prevention modalities and interventions for preventing HIV transmissions in priority populations • 		

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		and retention to priority populations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support ongoing clinical, behavioral, and other research to support retention in care, medication adherence, and durable viral suppression • Increase the diversity of the workforce of providers who deliver HIV care and supportive services • Increase inclusion of paraprofessionals on teams by advancing training, certification, supervision, reimbursement, and team functioning to assist with screening/management of HIV, STIs, viral hepatitis, and mental and substance use disorders and other behavioral health conditions • Develop whole-person systems of care and wellness that address co-occurring conditions for people with or who experience risk for HIV 			
STD National Strategic Plan (STD Plan) (2021-2025) (link)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand high-quality affordable STI secondary prevention, including screening, care, and treatment, in communities and populations most impacted by STIs • Work to effectively identify, diagnose, and provide holistic care and treatment for people with STIs by increasing the capacity of public health, health care delivery systems, and the health workforce 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand high-quality affordable STI secondary prevention, including screening, care, and treatment, in communities and populations most impacted by STIs • Work to effectively identify, diagnose, and provide holistic care and treatment for people with STIs by increasing the capacity of public health, health care delivery systems, and the health workforce • Identify, evaluate, and scale up best practices in STI prevention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand implementation of quality, comprehensive STI primary prevention activities • Support research and investments to develop STI vaccines and bring them to market • Support the development and uptake of STI multipurpose prevention technologies, antimicrobial prophylaxis regimens, and other preventive products and strategies • Identify, evaluate, and scale up best practices in STI prevention 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the development and uptake of innovative STI diagnostic technologies, therapeutic agents, and other interventions for the identification and treatment of STIs, including new and emerging disease threats 	

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		and treatment, including through translational, implementation, and communication science research	and treatment, including through translational, implementation, and communication science research		
<p>Viral Hepatitis National Strategic Plan (Hepatitis Plan) (2021-2025) (link)</p>	<p>Expand innovative models for viral hepatitis testing in a range of settings such as community-based organizations, mobile units, substance use disorder treatment programs, correctional facilities, syringe services programs, <u>HIV clinics</u>, <u>STI clinics</u>, refugee health centers, and homeless shelters</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop whole-person systems of care that address co-occurring conditions for people with and at risk for viral hepatitis, HIV, STIs, and substance use disorders • Provide technical assistance and training for health care providers to manage and treat people with co-morbidities such as viral hepatitis, HIV, STI, and/or substance use disorders 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop accessible, comprehensive, culturally, linguistically, and age-appropriate sex education curricula including for hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV, STIs, and drug use risk for youth and adults • Integrate messaging on HIV, viral hepatitis, STIs, sexual health, and drug use • Provide viral hepatitis vaccination at a broad range of clinical and nontraditional community-based settings including HIV, STI, refugee health clinics, organizations that serve people who use drugs and/or people experiencing homelessness, and correctional facilities • Educate communities and individuals about substance use disorders, available prevention, harm reduction and treatment options, and associated risks including transmission of viral hepatitis, HIV, and STIs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand access to substance use disorder treatment, including medications for opioid use disorder, and comprehensive syringe services programs in areas vulnerable to viral hepatitis and HIV outbreaks, and in correctional settings 	
<p>National HIV AIDS Strategy (NHAS) (2022-2025) (link) “...quality of life for people with HIV was designated as the subject for a developmental indicator, meaning that data sources,</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Link people to care immediately after diagnosis • Identify, engage, or reengage people with HIV who are not in care or virally suppressed • Increase retention in care and adherence to HIV treatment to achieve and maintain long-term viral suppression and provide care 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase awareness of HIV • Increase knowledge of HIV status • Expand and improve implementation of safe and effective prevention measures and develop new options • Increase the diversity and capacity of health care delivery systems, 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the capacity of the public health, health care delivery systems, and health care workforce to effectively identify, diagnose, and provide holistic care and treatment to people with HIV • Enhance the development of next-generation HIV therapies and accelerate research for an HIV cure 	

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measures, and targets will be identified and progress monitored hereafter.”		for HIV comorbidities, including STDs • Expand capacity to provide whole-person care to older adults with HIV and long-term survivors	community health, public health, and the health workforce	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce HIV-related stigma and discrimination • Reduce disparities in new HIV infections, in knowledge of status, and along the HIV care continuum • Engage, employ, and provide leadership opportunities at all levels to people with or who experience risk of HIV • Address social and structural determinants of health and co-occurring conditions that impede access to HIV services and exacerbate HIV-related disparities • Train and expand a diverse HIV workforce by further developing and promoting opportunities to support the next generation of HIV providers • Advance HIV-related communications to achieve improved messaging and uptake • Integrate programs to address the syndemic of HIV, STIs, viral hepatitis, and substance use and mental health disorders • Increase coordination of and sharing of best practices from HIV programs • Enhance the quality, accessibility, and sharing and uses of data • Foster public-private community partnerships • Improve mechanisms to measure, monitor, evaluate, and use the information to report progress and course correct 	

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SAMSHA’s Strategic Prevention Framework (link)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify local prevention needs based on data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Build local resources and readiness to address prevention needs Deliver evidence-based programs and practices as needed 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Examine the process and outcomes of programs and practices Build cultural competence and sustainability 	

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Roadmap to Ending the HIV Epidemic in Houston (2016) (link)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Encourage providers to include routine HIV testing as a standard protocol of their practice Increase HIV testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhance the health care system to better respond to the HIV/AIDS epidemic Improve cultural competency for better access to care Improve health outcomes for people living with HIV/AIDS with co-morbidities Streamline the Ryan White eligibility process for special circumstances Increase access to care for diverse populations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand the market for Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) and Non-occupational Post-Exposure Prophylaxis (nPEP) Launch culturally sensitive public education campaigns identifiable to key populations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 	
Texas HIV Plan (2017-2021) (link)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Successfully diagnose all HIV infections 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase viral suppression among people living with HIV Increase continuous participation in systems of treatment among people living with HIV 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase HIV awareness among members of the general public, community leaders, and policy makers Increase access to HIV prevention efforts for communities and groups at highest risk 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase timely linkage to HIV-related treatment for those newly diagnosed with HIV 	
Houston Health Department (2018-2022) (link)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase timely linkage of new HIV cases to medical care Ensure access to appropriate behavioral and mental health services 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop and implement mental and behavioral health awareness campaigns at the community level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase the proportion of new cases interviewed by partner services 	

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the proportion of Houston Health Department staff trained to meet mental health needs • Increase the proportion of adolescents who participate in mentoring programs • Ensure that 100% of the children identified with possible mental challenges in the selected schools are referred for treatment • Increase the number of enrolled participants who receive treatment for mental health disorders in the Community Reentry Network Program 			
<p>Houston State of Health (2018-2021) (link)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand opportunities for HIV testing for the general public and in high incidence populations and communities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the proportion of newly-diagnosed individuals linked to clinical care within one month of their HIV diagnosis • Increase the percentage of individuals with diagnosed HIV infection who are virally suppressed • Reduce disparities in the Houston Area HIV epidemic and address the needs of vulnerable populations • 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevent and reduce new HIV transmissions • Ensure that all people living with or at risk for HIV have access to early and continuous HIV prevention and care services • Adopt high-impact structural interventions that destigmatize HIV risk reduction and help create unfettered access to HIV information and proven prevention tools 		
<p>Harris County Public Health (link)</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide equitable access to mental health care and improve integration of care • Increase the number of available psychiatric inpatient beds • Reduce time to the next available mental health appointment 			

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Harris Center for Mental Health (link)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the number of individuals with a history of mental illness who are housed • Partner with the Coalition for the Homeless to house homeless individuals with mental illness • Continue to develop housing options for homeless individuals with mental illness 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the percentage of security officers and medical staff trained in zero suicide • Decrease 30 day re-admission rates to Harris County Psychiatric Center and State Mental Health Facilities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Train Harris County Sheriff’s Office mental health deputies 	
Houston Health Foundation (link)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase access to mental health supports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Educate families that mental health services are normally available through most health insurances 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce stigma surrounding mental health needs and services • Increase the number of youth who receive information on substance use prevention 	
Texas Council on Family Violence (2019) (link)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase diverse housing options for survivors • Create legal support options to meet survivor’s needs • Develop child and family services 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase prevention efforts with youth and adults 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Invest in innovative service models • Expand language services and access • Participate in strong community involvement • Strengthen partner resources • Dismantle “isms” within our society and support systems • Make funding more flexible • Increase internal supports for family violence agency staff 	